Alpha Synuclein Protein

Full Length

Active Mouse Recombinant Alpha Synuclein Protein Monomer Catalog No. SPR-323



Product Name Alpha Synuclein Protein Description Active Mouse Recombinant Alpha Synuclein Protein Monomer **Applications** WB, SDS-PAGE, In vivo assay, In vitro assay **Concentration** Lot/batch specific. See included datasheet. Conjugates No tag **Nature** Recombinant **Species** Mouse **Expression System** E. coli **Amino Acid Sequence** MDVFMKGLSK AKEGVVAAAE KTKQGVAEAA GKTKEGVLYV GSKTKEGVVH GVTTVAEKTK EQVTNVGGAV VTGVTA VAQK TVEGAGNIAA ATGFVKKDQM GKGEEGYPQE GILEDMPVDP GSEAYEMPSE EGYQDYEPEA **Purity** >95% **Protein Length**

Biological Activity

100 μ M alpha synuclein protein monomer (SPR-323) seeded with 10 nM alpha synuclein protein PFF (SPR-324) in 25 μ M Thioflavin T (PBS pH 7.4, 100 μ l reaction volume) generated an increased fluorescence intensity after incubation at 37°C with shaking at 600 rpm for 24 hours. Fluorescence was measured by excitation at 450 nm and emission at 485 nm on a Molecular Devices Gemini XPS microplate reader.

Field Of Use

Not for use in humans. Not for use in diagnostics or therapeutics. For in vitro research use only.

Properties

Storage Buffer

PBS

Storage Temperature

-80°C

Shipping Temperature

Dry Ice. Shipping note: Product will be shipped separately from other products purchased in the same order.

Purification

Ion-exchange Purified

Specificity

~14.46 kDa

Cite This Product

Mouse Recombinant Alpha Synuclein Protein (StressMarq Biosciences Inc., Victoria BC CANADA, Catalog # SPR-323)

Certificate Of Analysis

Certified >95% pure using SDS-PAGE analysis.

Biological Description

Alternative Names

Active Alpha synuclein monomer, Active Alpha-synuclein monomer, Active Alpha synuclein protein monomer, Active Alpha synuclein monomer, Active Alpha-synuclein protein, Non-A beta component of AD amyloid protein, Non-A4 component of amyloid precursor protein, NACP protein, SNCA protein, NACP protein, PARK1 protein, Active Alpha synuclein monomers, SYN protein, Parkinson's disease familial 1 Protein

Research Areas

Alzheimer's Disease, Neurodegeneration, Neuroscience, Parkinson's Disease

Cellular Localization

Cytoplasm, Membrane, Nucleus

Accession Number

NP_001035916.1

Gene ID

20617

Swiss Prot

055042

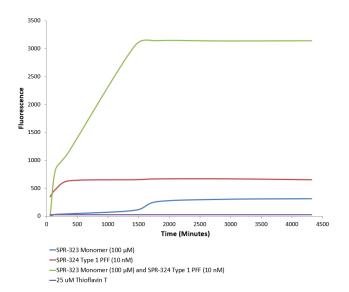
Scientific Background

Alpha-Synuclein (SNCA) is expressed predominantly in the brain, where it is concentrated in presynaptic nerve terminals (1). Alpha-synuclein is highly expressed in the mitochondria of the olfactory bulb, hippocampus, striatum and thalamus (2). Functionally, it has been shown to significantly interact with tubulin (3), and may serve as a potential microtubule-associated protein. It has also been found to be essential for normal development of the cognitive functions; inactivation may lead to impaired spatial learning and working memory (4). SNCA fibrillar aggregates represent the major non A-beta component of Alzheimers disease amyloid plaque, and a major component of Lewy body inclusions, and Parkinson's disease. Parkinson's disease (PD) is a common neurodegenerative disorder characterized by the progressive accumulation in selected neurons of protein inclusions containing alpha-synuclein and ubiquitin (5, 6).

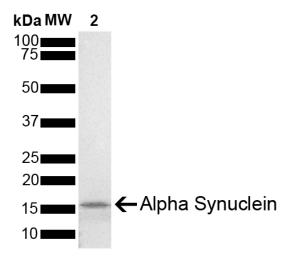
References

- 1. "Genetics Home Reference: SNCA". US National Library of Medicine. (2013).
- 2. Zhang L., et al. (2008) Brain Res. 1244: 40-52.
- 3. Alim M.A., et al. (2002) J Biol Chem. 277(3): 2112-2117.
- 4. Kokhan V.S., Afanasyeva M.A., Van'kin G. (2012) Behav. Brain. Res. 231(1): 226-230.
- 5. Spillantini M.G., et al. (1997) Nature. 388(6645): 839-840.
- 6. Mezey E., et al. (1998) Nat Med. 4(7): 755-757.

Product Images



Type 1 alpha synuclein preformed fibrils (SPR-324) seed the formation of new alpha synuclein fibrils from the pool of alpha synuclein monomers (SPR-323). Thioflavin T is a fluorescent dye that binds to beta sheet-rich structures, such as those in alpha synuclein fibrils. Upon binding, the emission spectrum of the dye experiences a red-shift, and increased fluorescence intensity. Thioflavin T emission curves show increased fluorescence (correlated to alpha synuclein protein aggregation) over time when 10 nM of Type 1 alpha synuclein preformed fibrils (SPR-324) is combined with 100 μ M of alpha synuclein monomer (SPR-323), as compared to Type 1 alpha synuclein preformed fibrils (SPR-324) or alpha synuclein monomer (SPR-323) alone. Thioflavin T ex = 450 nm, em = 485 nm.



SDS-PAGE of ~14 kDa Mouse Recombinant Alpha Synuclein Protein Monomer (SPR-323). Lane 1: Molecular Weight Ladder (MW). Lane 2: Alpha Synuclein Protein Monomer (2 µg) (SPR-323).