

Creatinine Microplate Assay

Catalog Number: CRE34-K01 (96 Wells)

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures v. 3.1 (02 FEB 24)

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INTRODUCTION

Creatine (Cr) is produced in the kidney, liver and pancreas, phosphorylated, and transported to the brain and muscle tissue. However, a small proportion of free Cr is converted irreversibly to creatinine (Crn) in the muscular tissue in proportion to the muscle mass. The amount of Crn excreted daily by an individual is relatively constant. Thus, urinary creatinine levels may be used as an index of standardization. 24-h urinary Crn excretion is used to estimate total muscle mass because the rate of non-enzymatic production of Crn from Cr is nearly constant and >90% of the total body Cr is found in muscle tissue. Normal urinary creatinine values for men and women range from 9.7 - 24.7 and 7.9 - 14.2 mmol/24h respectively. Changes in excretion rate may be indicative of impaired renal metabolism.

PRINCIPLES OF PROCEDURE

The Creatinine Microplate Assay is a colorimetric assay for the quantitative analysis of creatinine levels in urine. Urinary creatinine reacts with picric acid under alkaline conditions to produce an orange color, which can be quantified by absorption spectroscopy near the 500 nm wavelength. This reaction, known as the Jaffe reaction, also occurs non-specifically with other components in biological fluids. However, the specific color produced with creatine in this reaction is known to degrade rapidly under acidic conditions (Slot et al.). Heinegard and Tiderstrom showed that the difference in color intensity determined before and after the addition of acid is a direct estimate of creatinine concentration in the sample.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

Component	Description	Volume	Storage
S1: Creatinine Standard 1	Creatinine Standard Solution (10 mg/dL)	110 µL	4°C
S2: Creatinine Standard 2	Creatinine Standard Solution (3 mg/dL)	110 µL	4°C
S3: Creatinine Standard 3	Creatinine Standard Solution (1 mg/dL)	110 µL	4°C
R1: Picrate Reagent	Picric Acid Solution	20 mL	25°C
R2: Alkali Solution	NaOH and Sodium Borate Solution	4 mL	25°C
R3: Acid Reagent	Acetic Acid Solution	2 mL	25°C
Microplate	96-well Microplate	1 plate	25°C

MATERIALS NEEDED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- 1. Microplate reader with 490 or 500 nm filter
- 2. Adjustable micropipettes ($10 1000 \mu L$) and tips
- 3. Deionized water
- 4. Plate shaker
- 5. Plate cover or plastic film

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STORAGE

- 1. Store the components of this kit at the temperatures specified on the labels.
- 2. Unopened reagents are stable until the indicated kit expiration date.

WARNINGS AND PRECAUTIONS

- 1. Use aseptic technique when opening and dispensing reagents.
- 2. The Creatinine Microplate Assay kit is designed to work properly as provided and instructed. Additions, deletions or substitutions to the procedure or reagents are not recommended, as they may be detrimental to the assay.
- 3. Picric acid can be explosive when dry, and can irritate the eyes, skin and respiratory system. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves, and eye protection.

PROCEDURAL NOTES

- 1. Turbidity may develop in the Picrate Reagent at lower temperatures and may be removed by warming. The reagent is still usable.
- 2. To minimize errors in absorbance measurements due to handling, wipe the exterior bottom of the microplate wells with a lint-free paper towel prior to inserting into the plate reader.

REAGENT PREPARATION

1. **Alkaline Picrate Reagent:** Add R2: Alkali Solution to R1: Picrate Reagent in a one part to five parts ratio. If the entire plate is being used, add the entire contents of R2 to R1.

STANDARD CURVE PREPARATION

The Creatinine Standards are provided ready to use. A null Standard (0 mg/dL) is made with deionized water.

Table 1: Standard Curve Preparation

Standard	Creatinine Concentrati on (mg/dL)	Volume of Water (μL)	Volume of Creatinine Standard (µL)
S1	10.0	-	110
S2	3.0	-	110
S 3	1.0	1	110
S4	0	110	-

ASSAY PROCEDURE

- 1. Add 25 μ L of Standards or Samples (may require diluting 1:4 or 1:8) to the corresponding wells on the microplate in duplicate. See **Scheme I** for a sample plate layout.
- 2. Add 180 µL of the Alkaline Picrate Reagent to each well. Creatinine Microplate Assay

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- 3. Mix by shaking or placing the plate on a shaker and incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes.
- 4. Read the plate at 490 nm. (First Reading)
- 5. Add 15 µL of R3: Acid Reagent to each well.
- 6. Mix thoroughly by tapping or shaking and allow to stand at room temperature for 5 minutes.
- 7. Read the plate again at 490 nm. (Second Reading)

Scheme I: Sample Plate Layout

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В	S ₃	S_3	U ₆	U_6	U_{14}	U_{14}	U_{22}	U_{22}	U_{30}	U_{30}	U_{38}	U_{38}
C	S ₂	S_2	U ₇	U_7	U_{15}	U_{15}	U_{23}	U_{23}	U_{31}	U_{31}	U_{39}	U_{39}
D	S ₁	S_1	U ₈	U_8	U_{16}	U_{16}	U_{24}	U_{24}	U_{32}	U_{32}	U_{40}	U_{40}
Ε	U_1	U_1	U_9	U_9	U_{17}	U_{17}	U_{25}	U_{25}	U_{33}	U_{33}	U_{41}	U_{41}
F	U_2	U_2	U_{10}	U_{10}	U_{18}	U_{18}	U_{26}	$U_{26} \\$	U_{34}	U_{34}	U_{42}	U_{42}
G	U ₃	U_3	U_{11}	U_{11}	U_{19}	U_{19}	U_{27}	U_{27}	U_{35}	U_{35}	U_{43}	U_{43}
Н	U_4	U_4	U_{12}	U_{12}	U_{20}	U_{20}	U_{28}	U_{28}	U_{36}	U_{36}	U_{44}	U_{44}

CALCULATIONS

- 1. Subtract the values of the Second Reading from those of the First Reading. **NOTE: Some** microplate readers can be programmed to do these subtractions automatically when reading the plate. Consult your instrument manual.
- 2. The difference in absorbance $[\Delta A]$ is directly proportional to Creatinine concentration.
- 3. Construct a Standard Curve with Δ A on the y-axis versus Creatinine Conc. (mg/dL) on the x-axis.
- 4. Determine the creatinine concentration (mg/dL) in the samples.

 NOTE: Normally a 5-10 fold urine dilution yields results in the linear range of the standard curve. If the samples are diluted, the concentration determined from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.
- 5. Multiply the creatinine concentration in mg/dL by 88.4 to convert into µmol/L (SI unit).

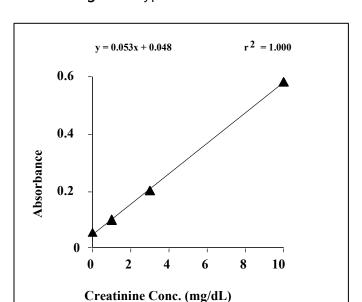


Figure 1: Typical Standard Curve

INTERFERING SUBSTANCES

- 1. Samples containing bilirubin will give elevated results.
- 2. The measurement is not useful in samples containing sulfonphthalein dyes such as phenolsulfonphthalein.
- 3. Certain drugs are known to interfere with circulating creatinine levels and hence will not provide consistent results. (Young, 1990).

REFERENCES

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