

Chromogranin A ELISA Assay Kit

Catalog Number: CHR31-K01 (1 x 96 wells) For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures. v. 22 (28 FEB 2024)

> EAGLE BIOSCIENCES, INC. 20A Northwest Blvd., Suite 112, Nashua, NH 03063 Phone: 617-419-2019 Fax: 617-419-1110 WWW.EAGLEBIO.COM



INTENDED USE

The Eagle Biosciences Human Chromogranin A ELISA Assay Kit (enzyme-linked immunoassay kit) is intended for the quantitative determination of human Chromogranin A levels in EDTA-plasma and serum samples. This test is to be used as research use only.

INTRODUCTION

Chromogranin A is a 49 kDa acidic protein that consists of 439 amino acids encoded on chromosome 14. Chromogranin A has been identified in a number of normal and neoplastic endocrine tissues. It is demonstrated that an elevated level of circulating Chromogranin A level is a marker for tumors of neuroendocrine origin. However, the most significant clinical use of Chromogranin A is related to the diagnostic procedure in patients with pheochromocytoma. The following is a short summary of the potential usages of Chromogranin A.

1. A very sensitive (83%) and highly specific (96%) marker in the evaluation of actual or suspected pheochromocytoma. Drugs commonly employed in the diagnosis or treatment of pheochromocytoma have little effect on the plasma chromogranin A level, which is great advantage of measuring chromogranin A over catacholamines.

2. To ascertain the source of a tumor. A high chromogranin A level indicates that the tumor arises from neuroendocrine tissues.

3. Endocrine tumors that do not produce their specific hormones, for example, calcitonin negative but chromogranin A positive C-cell carcinoma; zero-cell carcinoma; beta-cell carcinoma; parathyroid carcinoma.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

The Eagle Biosciences Human Chromogranin A ELISA Assay Kit is designed, developed and produced for the quantitative measurement of human chromogranin A in EDTA-plasma or serum sample. The assay utilizes the two-site "sandwich" technique with two selected antibodies that bind to different epitopes of human Chromogranin A.

Assay standards, controls and samples are added directly to wells of microplate that is coated with a polyclonal chromogranin A antibody. After the first incubation period, the antibody on the wall of microtiter well captures human chromogranin A in the sample and unbound proteins in each microtiter well is washed away. Then a horseradish peroxidase (HRP) labeled monoclonal anti-human chromogranin A antibody is added to each microtiter well and a "sandwich" of "monoclonal antibody - human chromogranin A – polyclonal antibody" is formed. The unbound monoclonal antibody is removed in the subsequent washing step. For the detection of this immunocomplex, the well is incubated with a substrate solution in a timed reaction and then measured in a spectrophotometric microplate reader. The enzymatic activity of the immunocomplex bound to the chromogranin A on the wall of the microtiter well is directly proportional to the amount of chromogranin A in the sample. A standard curve is generated by plotting the absorbance versus the respective human chromogranin A concentration for each standard on point-to-point or cubical scales or 4 parameter curve fits. The concentration of human chromogranin A in test samples is determined directly from this standard curve.



REAGENTS: Preparation and Storage

This test kit must be stored at $2 - 8^{\circ}$ C upon receipt. For the expiration date of the kit refer to the label on the kit box. All components are stable until the expiration date.

Allow all reagents to come to room temperature prior to use. Reagents from different kit lot numbers should not be combined or interchanged.

1. Anti-CgA Antibody Coated Microplate

Microplate coated with human chromogranin A antibody Qty: 1×96 well microplate Storage: $2 - 8^{\circ}$ C Preparation: Ready to use

2. CgA Tracer Antibody

HRP-labeled anti-human CgA monoclonal antibody in a stabilized protein matrixQty: $1 \times 12 \text{ mL}$ Storage: $2 - 8^{\circ}$ CPreparation:Ready to use

3. CgA Assay Buffer

Phosphate buffered saline with bovine serum albuminQty: $1 \times 30 \text{ mL}$ Storage: $2 - 8^{\circ}$ CPreparation:Ready to use

4. ELISA Wash Concentrate

Surfactant in phosphate buffered saline with non-azide preservative

Qty:1 x 30 mLStorage:2 - 25°CPreparation:30X concentrated. Must be diluted with 870 mL distilled water and mixed
well before use.

5. ELISA HRP Substrate

Tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) with stabilized hydrogen peroxide

Qty:1 x 12 mLStorage:2 - 8°CPreparation:Ready to use

6. ELISA Stop Solution

0.5 M sulfuric acid Qty: 1 x 12 mL Storage: 2 – 25°C Preparation: Ready to use

7. Chromogranin A Calibrators Levels 1 – 5

Human chromogranin A in a lyophilized bovine serum albumin-based matrix with a ProClin preservative Qty: $5 \times Vials$ Storage: $2 - 8^{\circ}C$ (Lyophilized), <-20^{\circ}C (Reconstituted) Do not exceed 3 freeze-thaw cycles



Preparation: Must be reconstituted with 0.5 mL of demineralized water, allowed to sit for 10 minutes, and mix microwell by inversions or gentle vortexing. Make sure that all solids are dissolved completely prior to use.

8. Chromogranin A Controls

Human chromogranin A in a lyophilized bovine serum albumin-based matrix with a ProClin preservative

Qty:2 x VialsStorage:2 - 8°C (Lyophilized), <-20°C (Reconstituted) Do not exceed 3 freeze-thaw
cyclesPreparation:Must be reconstituted with 0.5 mL of demineralized water, allowed to sit
for 10 minutes, and mix microwell by inversions or gentle vortexing. Make
sure that all solids are dissolved completely prior to use.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The Human Chromogranin A ELISA Assay Kit reagents must be used in a professional laboratory environment and is for Research Use Only and is not to be used in diagnostic procedures. Only source material from which reagents of bovine serum was derived in the contiguous 48 United States. It was obtained only from donor health animals maintained under veterinary supervision and found free of contagious diseases. Wear gloves while performing this assay and handle these reagents as if they were potentially infectious. Avoid contact with reagents containing TMB, hydrogen peroxide, or sulfuric acid. TMB may cause irritation to skin and mucous membranes and cause an allergic skin reaction. TMB is a suspected carcinogen. Sulfuric acid may cause severe irritation on contact with skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest or inhale fumes. On contact, flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Use Good Laboratory Practices.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Precision single channel pipettes capable of delivering 25 μL , 50 μL , 100 μL , and 1000 μL etc.
- Repeating dispenser suitable for delivering 100 µL.
- Disposable pipette tips suitable for above volume dispensing.
- Disposable 12 x 75 mm or 13 x 100 glass or plastic tubes.
- Disposable plastic 100 mL and 1000 mL bottle with caps.
- Aluminum foil.
- Deionized or distilled water
- Plastic microtiter well cover or polyethylene film.
- ELISA multichannel wash bottle or automatic (semi-automatic) washing system.
- Spectrophotometric microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450/650 nm or 450/620 nm.
- Calibrated timer

SPECIMEN COLLECTION

Only 30 μ l total (15 μ l each) of human EDTA-plasma or serum is required for human Chromogranin A measurement in duplicate. No special preparation of individual is necessary prior to specimen collection. Whole blood should be collected with lavender-top Vaccutainer and separate the plasma from cells by centrifugation (850 – 1500xg for 10 minutes). The plasma

should be separated from the cells within one hour of blood collection and transferred to a clean test tube. Plasma samples should be stored at – 15° C if the assay is not to be performed within 72 hours. Otherwise, the plasma samples should be stored at room temperature for up to 72 hours. It is important that the plasma samples must not be stored at 2 –8°C for long term storage. Avoid more than three freeze-thaw cycles of specimen.

Serum sample can also be used for Chromogranin A measurement. Tests with paired EDTAplasma and serum sample from same donor shows that serum gives almost the same chromogranin A level as EDTA-plasma by using this ELISA.

SPECIMEN SHIPMENT

Collected EDTA-plasma or serum samples should be shipped to designated laboratory in frozen condition with dry ice. In case frozen condition is not available, samples should be shipped at room temperature in an insulated container for maximum 48 hour delivery. Samples must not be shipped refrigerated, such as, with blue ice pack.

REAGENT PREPARATION

- 1. Prior to use allow all reagents to come to room temperature. Reagents from different kit lot numbers should not be combined or interchanged.
- 2. ELISA Wash Concentrate must be diluted to working solution prior use. Please see REAGENTS section for details.
- 3. Reconstitute all assay standards and controls by adding 0.5 mL of demineralized water to each vial. Allow the calibrator and controls to sit undisturbed for 10 minutes, and then mix well by inversions or gentle vortexing. Make sure that all solids are dissolved completely prior to use. These reconstituted standards and controls must be stored at 20°C or below. Do not exceed 3 freeze-thaw cycles.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

1. Place a sufficient number of antibody coated microwell strips in a holder to run human chromogranin A calibrators, controls and unknown samples in duplicate.

ROW	STRIP 1	STRIP 2	STRIP 3
Α	A CAL1 CAL5		SAMPLE 2
В	CAL 1	L1 CAL5 SA	
C CAL2 C1		C 1	SAMPLE 3
D	D CAL2 C		SAMPLE 3
E	CAL 3 C 2		SAMPLE 4
F	CAL 3	C 2	SAMPLE 4
G	CAL 4	SAMPLE 1	SAMPLE 5
Н	CAL 4	SAMPLE 1	SAMPLE 5

2. Test Configuration for Chromogranin A ELISA Assay Kit:

- 3. Add **15 µL** of calibrators, controls and samples into the designated microwells.
- 4. Add **200 µL** of assay buffer to each well



- 5. Cover the plate with one plate sealer and aluminum foil. Incubate plate on an ELISA plate shaker with a shaking rate at 350 450 rpm at room temperature **for 60 minutes**.
- 6. Remove plate sealer. Aspirate the contents of each well. Wash each well **5 times** by dispensing **350 μL** of working wash solution into each well and then completely aspirating the contents. Alternatively, an automated microplate washer can be used.
- 7. Add **100 µL** of Chromogranin A Tracer Antibody to each of the wells.
- 8. Cover the plate with the plate sealer and aluminum foil. Incubate plate on an ELISA plate shaker with a shaking rate at **350 450 rpm** at room temperature **for 60 minutes**.
- 9. Remove plate sealer. Aspirate the contents of each well. Wash each well **5 times** by dispensing **350 μL** of working wash solution into each well and then completely aspirating the contents. Alternatively, an automated microplate washer can be used.
- 10. Add **100 µL** of ELISA HRP Substrate into each of the wells. Mix by gently tapping the plate.
- 11. Cover the plate with one plate sealer and also with aluminum foil to avoid exposure to light.
- 12. Incubate plate at room temperature **for 20 minutes.**
- 13. Remove the aluminum foil and plate sealer. Add **100 μL** of ELISA Stop Solution into each of the wells. Mix by gently tapping the plate.
- 14. Read the absorbance at dual wave length at 450/650 nm or 450/620 nm with a 4-parameter curve fit within 10 minutes with a microplate reader.

Assay Procedure with Dynex DS-2 Automated ELISA System:

- 1. Load a sufficient number of antibody coated microwell strips onto the system to run human chromogranin A standards, controls and unknown samples in duplicate.
- 2. Load sufficient Chromogranin A Tracer antibody
- 3. Prepare and load kit calibrators/controls, samples, TMB, Stop Solution, 1x Wash Buffer onto the system accordingly.
- 4. Add **200 µL** of assay buffer to each well
- 5. Add **15 µL** of standards, controls and samples into the designated microwells.
- 6. **Incubate** plate with initial shaking for 1 min and then at room temperature for **60 minutes.**
- 7. Wash each well 4 5 times
- 8. Add **100 µL** of Chromogranin A Tracer Antibody working solution to each of the wells.
- 9. Incubate plate at room temperature for 60 minutes.
- 10. Wash each well 4 5 times
- 11. Add **100 µL** of ELISA HRP Substrate into each of the wells.
- 12. Incubate plate at room temperature for 15 20 minutes
- 13. Add **100 µL** of ELISA Stop Solution into each of the wells. Mix gently.
- 14. Read the absorbance at 450/650 nm or 450/620 nm with a 4-parameter curve fit program.



Note for DS2:

(1) Open automated ELISA system other than DS-2 can also be used. (2) It is very important to incubate the assay 18-22°C. A change of incubation temperature would cause unsatisfied standard curve and erroneous test results.

PROCEDURAL NOTES

- 1. It is recommended that all samples be assayed in duplicate. The average absorbance reading of each duplicate should be used for data reduction and the calculation of results.
- 2. If a TECAN are used for pipetting, it is recommended by adding 200 μ L assay buffer before adding the 15 μ L assay calibrators, controls and test samples into each designated well. This is the same as the procedure with DS-2, but a reverse with the manual procedure.
- 3. Keep light sensitive reagents in the original amber bottles.
- 4. Store any unused antibody coated strips in the foil zipper bag with desiccant to protect from moisture.
- 5. Careful technique and use of properly calibrated pipetting devices are necessary to ensure reproducibility of the test.
- 6. Incubation times or temperatures other than those stated in this insert may affect the results.
- 7. Avoid air bubbles in the microwell as this could result in lower binding efficiency and higher CV% of duplicate reading
- 8. All reagents should be mixed gently and thoroughly prior use. Avoid foaming.
- 9. We strongly recommend using 4-Parameter curve fit for control and sample calculation. Other curve fit programs such as Point-to-Point, Log-Log, Log-Lenear, etc. may give a poor linear recovery.

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

The Human Chromogranin A concentrations for the controls and samples are read directly from the standard curve using their respective corrected absorbance.

The laboratory should report test results directly derived from the assay. For samples showing a higher 90% value of the highest assay calibrator, it is strongly recommended that the sample is diluted 1:100 with assay buffer and re-assay the diluted sample for a more accurate test result. For example, the highest assay calibrator is about 550 ng/mL, any sample that shows a value greater than 500 ng/mL (90% of 550 ng/mL) should be repeated with 1:100 diluted sample. If the 1:100 diluted samples still shows a higher value greater than that of the highest assay calibrator (e.g. > 56,000 ng/mL) or further measure 1:10,000 diluted sample. It is preferred to obtain a diluted sample value located between calibrator level 2 and level 4, wherein, this measured value is multiplied by the dilution factor to obtain the report value for the person(s).



EXAMPLE DATA AND STANDARD CURVE

A typical absorbance data and the resulting standard curve from Human Chromogranin A ELISA Assay Kit are represented. This curve should not be used in lieu of standard curve run with each assay.

Well I.D.	OD 450,	/650 nm Abso	Concentration ng/mL	
	Readings	Average	Corrected	
0 ng/mL	0.107 0.112	0.110	0.000	
19.2 ng/mL	0.185 0.184	0.184	0.074	
75 ng/mL	0.400 0.400	0.400	0.290	
203 ng/mL	1.098 1.031	1.064	0.954	
660 ng/mL	2.442 2.488	2.465	2.355	
Control 1	0.248 0.248	0.248	0.138	40.66 ng/mL
Control 2	0.452 0.461	0.456	0.346	84.51 ng/mL

Human Chromogranin A ELISA



EXPECTED VALUES

Seventy-two normal adult sera were measured with this human chromogranin A ELISA. The normal range was found to be less than 100 ng/mL. Five subjects with pheochromocytoma showed a chromogranin A level of significantly over 100 ng/ml and one of them reached



LIMITATION OF THE PROCEDURE

- 1. Since there is no Gold Standard concentration available for human chromogranin A measurement, the values of assay standards were established by correlation to a highly purified chromogranin A standard.
- 2. For sample values reading greater than highest standard or 90% value of the highest standard, it is recommend to re-assay samples with dilution.
- 3. Store samples at refrigerated condition causes significant degradation of intact chromogranin A into small fragments. These fragments may cause interference of the assay resulting in false low test result.
- 4. Serum sample are not as stable as EDTA-plasma sample. Therefore, it is strongly recommended to use EDTA-plasma sample for chromogranin A measurement.
- 5. Bacterial or fungal contamination of plasma specimens or reagents, or cross contamination between reagents may cause erroneous results.
- 6. Water deionized with polyester resins may inactive the horseradish peroxidase enzyme.

QUALITY CONTROL

To assure the validity of the results each assay should include adequate controls with known chromogranin A levels. We recommend that all assays include the laboratory's own chromogranin A controls in addition to those provided with this kit.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Sensitivity

The LOD was determined by seven replicates of two levels of calibrators (level 1: 0 ng/mL and level 2: 19.2 ng/mL) and was found to be ~2.0 ng/mL

High Dose "hook" effect

This assay has showed that it did not exhibit any high dose "hook" effect up to 1,000,000 ng/mL

Specificity

The assay was performed to asses the cross-reactivity and results are summarized in the below table:

Cross-reactants	Results
ACTH	No cross-reactivity was found
FGF-21	
Osteocalcin	
Hemoglobin	
Liquids	

Reproduction and Precision

The intra-assay precision was validated by measuring two controls samples in a single assay with 8-replicate determinations and the inter-assay reproducibility was validated by measuring two control samples in duplicate in 12 individual assays. The results are summarized below:

Sample	Intra-assay Precision		Inter-assay Reproducibility	
No.	Mean (ng/mL)	CV (%)	Mean (ng/mL)	CV (%)
Control 1	28.24	2.9	41.91	7.3
Control 2	59.81	3.7	82.74	3.1

Linearity

Three human serum samples were diluted with assay buffer and assayed. The results in the value of ng/mL are as follows:

#	DILUTION	OBSERVED VALUE	EXPECTED VALUE	RECOVERY %
1	Sample A	717.5	-	-
	50%	357.4	358.8	100
	25%	171.1	179.4	95
	12.5%	74.6	89.7	83
2	Sample B	932.7	-	-
	50%	495.1	466.4	106
	25%	229.3	233.2	98
	12.5%	112.2	116.6	96
	6.25%	54.5	58.3	93
3	Sample C	467.8	-	-
	50%	234.6	233.9	100
	25%	117.8	117.0	100
	12.5%	52.2	58.5	89

Recovery

Г

Three serum samples were spiked with various amounts of human chromogranin A control samples and assayed. The results indicate a very satisfactory spike recovery for this assay.

#	Spiked Sample	Obsereved (ng/mL)	RECOVERY (%)

1	Sample A	12.78	
1	Control Sample 1	62.43	
	25% S1 + 75% L3	46.48	93
	50% S1 + 50% L3	37.94	100
	75% S1 + 25% L3	24.27	95
2	Sample B	51.74	
	Control Sample 2	185.74	
	25% S2 + 75% L4	143.91	95
	50% S2 + 50% L4	112.07	121
	75% S2 + 25% L4	80.22	94
2	Sample C	73.00	
	Control Sample 2	185.74	
	25% S2 + 75% L4	149.27	95
	50% S2 + 50% L4	125.61	97
	75% S2 + 25% L4	91.72	91

INTERFERENCE

Bilirubin, hemoglobin and lipid triglycerides were tested as potential interferents to the human chromogranin A ELISA kit. Randomly selected samples were spiked with the potential interferents at the concentrations listed in the table below:

It is indicated that hemolyzed sample may not be suitable for chromogranin A measurement.

Interferent (Concentration tested,		Test	Control	Bias
mg/mL)		(ng/mL)	(ng/mL)	(d _{obs} , %)
Bilirubin	2.0	228.6	259.7	12.0%
(EP07	0.2	2358	259.7	92%
recommended	0.04	244.3	259.7	5.9%
concentration:				
0.05 mg/mL)				
Hemoglobin	20.0	184.0	259.7	29.1%
(EP07	2.0	240.8	259.7	7.3%
recommended	0.4	260.8	259.7	0.4%
concentration:				
2 mg/mL)	400.0	55.0	50.4	4.00/
Lipids	400.0	55.6	58.4	4.8%
(EP07	40.0	59.0	58.4	1.0%
concentration:	20.0	56.2	58.4	3.8%
5 mg/mL)	6.0	258.9	256.7	0.3%



SHORT ASSAY PROCEDURE

Manual Procedure

- 1. Add **15** μ L of the calibrators, controls, and samples into the designated microwells.
- 2. Add **200 µL** of the assay buffer to each well.
- 3. Mix, cover, and incubate at room temperature (20-25 °C) and shaking at 350 450 rpm for 60 minutes.
- 4. Wash each well five times.
- 5. Add **100 µL** of the tracer antibody to each well.
- 6. Cover and incubate at **room temperature (20-25 °C)** with shaking at **350 or 450 rpm** for **60 minutes.**
- 7. Wash each well five times
- 8. Add **100 µL** of substrate to each well.
- 9. Cover and incubate at room temperature (20-25 °C) for 20 minutes.
- 10. Add **100 µL** of the stop solution to each well.
- 11. Read the absorbance at **450/650 nm** or **450/620 nm**

Automated Assay Procedure

- 1. Prepare and load reagents
- 2. Add **200 µL** of assay buffer to each well.
- 3. Add **15 µL** of calibrators, controls and samples into the designated microwells.
- 4. Incubate plate with shaking for **1 minute** and then **at room temperature (20-25** °C) for **60 minutes.**
- 5. Wash each well **4 5 times.**
- 6. Add **100 µL** of tracer antibody to each well.
- 7. Incubate at room temperature (20-25 °C) for 60 minutes.
- 8. Wash each well 4 5 times.
- 9. Add **100 µL** of ELISA HRP Substrate into each of the wells.
- 10. Incubate plate at room temperature (20-25 °C) for 15 20 minutes.
- 11. Add **100 µL** of stop solution to each well.
- 12. Read the absorbance at **450/650 nm** or **450/620 nm**.

REFERENCES

- 1. Pirker RA, Pont J, Pöhnl R, Schütz W, Griesmacher A, Müller MM. Usefulness of chromogranin A as a marker for detection of relapses of carcinoid tumours. Clin Chem Lab Med 1998;36:837-40.
- 2. Kimura N, Miura W, Noshiro T, Mizunashi K, Hanew K, Shimizu K, et al. Plasma chromogranin A in pheochromocytoma, primary hyperparathyroidism and pituitary adenoma in comparison with catecholamine, parathyroid hormone and pituitary hormones. Endocr J 1997;44:319-27.
- 3. Hendy GN, Bevan S, Mattei MG, Mouland AJ. Chromogranin A. Clin Invest Med 1995;18:47-65.
- 4. Deftos LJ. Chromogranin A: its role in endocrine function and as an endocrine and neuroendocrine tumor marker. Endocrine Reviews: 1991;12:181-7
- 5. Sobol RE, Memoli V, Deftos LJ. Hormone-negative, chromogranin A-positive endocrine tumors. N Engl J Med 1989;320:444-7.

Warranty Information

Eagle Biosciences, Inc. warrants its Product(s) to operate or perform substantially in conformance with its specifications, as set forth in the accompanying package insert. This warranty is expressly limited to the refund of the price of any defective Product or the replacement of any defective Product with new Product. This warranty applies only when the Buyer gives written notice to the Eagle Biosciences within the expiration period of the Product(s) by the Buyer. In addition, Eagle Biosciences has no obligation to replace Product(s) as result of a) Buyer negligence, fault, or misuse, b) improper use, c) improper storage and handling, d) intentional damage, or e) event of force majeure, acts of God, or accident.

Eagle Biosciences makes no warranties, either expressed or implied, except as provided herein, including without limitation thereof, warranties as to marketability, merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose or use, or non-infringement of any intellectual property rights. In no event shall the company be liable for any indirect, incidental, or consequential damages of any nature, or losses or expenses resulting from any defective product or the use of any product. Product(s) may not be resold, modified, or altered for resale without prior written approval from Eagle Biosciences, Inc.



For further information about this kit, its application or the procedures in this kit, please contact the Technical Service Team at Eagle Biosciences, Inc. at <u>info@eaglebio.com</u> or at 866-411-8023.