Human TGF-β1 ELISA KIT

Catalog Number:
TB131-K01 (1 x 96 wells)

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

v. 2.0 (06.23.15)
INTENDED USE
The Eagle Biosciences Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit (enzyme-linked immunoassay kit) is intended for the quantitative determination of human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum, and plasma. The Eagle Biosciences Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit is for research use only and not to be used in diagnostic procedures.

INTRODUCTION
Transforming growth factor (TGF), a ‘factor’ that promoted the transformation of cultured fibroblasts into a tumor-like phenotype, was subsequently found to be more of a tumor suppressor than tumor promoter and to be a mixture of two proteins, TGF-α and TGF-β. These molecules are members of a superfamily that includes TGF-β1 through 5, bone morphogenic proteins, activins and inhibins. It plays a critical role in cellular growth, development, differentiation, proliferation, extracellular matrix (ECM) synthesis and degradation, control of mesenchymal-epithelial interactions during embryogenesis, immune modulation, apoptosis, cell cycle progression, angiogenesis, adhesion and migration and leukocyte chemotaxis.

Originally, TGF-β1 was separated from platelets and later found that TGF-β1 can be expressed in many organizations. Human TGF-β1 is a 25kDa, disulfide-linked, non-glycosylated homodimer. Biological activity of TGF-β1 is regulated by a number of receptors, including receptor I (53-65KD), receptor II (83-110KD), receptor III (250-310KD), receptor-IV (60KD) and receptor V (400KD).

TGF-β1 is the key mediator in the pathophysiology of tissue repair and human fibrogenesis: balance between production and degradation of type I collagen, and fibrosis and scarring in organ and tissue. TGF-β1 exhibits important immunoregulatory features of partially adverse character: TGF-β1 inhibits B and T cell proliferation, differentiation and antibody production as well as maturation and activation of macrophages. TGF-β1 is synthesized, with only a few exceptions, by virtually all cells, and TGF receptors are expressed by all cells. TGF-β affects nearly every physiological process in some way; its systemic and cell-specific activities are too complicated to review here. There are, however, three fundamental activities: TGF-β1 modulates cell proliferation, generally as a suppressor; TGF-β1 enhances the deposition of extracellular matrix through promotion of synthesis and inhibition of degradation; TGF-β1 is immunosuppressive through a variety of mechanisms. The specific action of TGF-β on a particular cell depends on the exact circumstances of that cell’s environment.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY
The Eagle Biosciences Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit employs the quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. A monoclonal antibody specific for TGF-β1 has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and any TGF-β1 present is bound by the immobilized antibody. Following incubation unbound samples are removed during a wash step, and then a detection antibody specific for TGF-β1 is added to the wells and binds to the combination of capture antibody-TGF-β1 in sample. Following a wash to remove any unbound combination, and enzyme conjugate is added to the wells. Following incubation and wash steps a substrate is added. A colored product is formed in proportion to the amount of TGF-β1 present in the sample. The reaction is terminated by addition of acid and absorbance is measured at 450nm. A standard curve is prepared from seven TGF-β1 standard dilutions and TGF-β1 sample concentration determined.
Figure 1: Schematic diagram of the assay

REAGENTS
1. Aluminum pouches with a Microwell Plate coated with monoclonal antibody to human TGF-β1 (8×12)
2. 2 vials human TGF-β1 Standard lyophilized, 4000 pg/ml upon reconstitution
3. 2 vials concentrated Biotin-Conjugate anti-human TGF-β1 antibody
4. 2 vials Streptavidin-HRP solution,
5. 4 bottle Standard/sample Diluent
6. 1 bottle Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent
7. 1 bottle Streptavidin-HP Diluent
8. 1 bottle Wash Buffer Concentrate 20x (PBS with 1% Tween-20)
9. 1 vial Substrate Solution
10. 1 vial Stop Solution
11. 1 vial 1N HCl
12. 1 vial 1N NaOH
13. 3 pieces Adhesive Films
14. package insert

NOTE: [96 Tests]
STORAGE

Table 1: Storage of the Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unopened Kit</th>
<th>Store at 2 - 8° C. Do not use past kit expiration date.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard /Sample Diluent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concentrated Biotin-Conjugate</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streptavidin-HRP solution</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Streptavidin-HRP Diluent</td>
<td>May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8° C.**</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wash Buffer Concentrate 20x</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substrate Solution</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stop Solution</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>standards</td>
<td>Aliquot and store for up to 1 month at ≤20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Diluted standard shall not be reused.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microplate Wells</td>
<td>Return unused wells to the foil pouch containing the desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge of zip-seal. May be stored for up to 1 month at 2 - 8° C.**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Provided this is within the expiration date of the kit.

THE REQUIRED ITEMS (not provided):

1. Microplate reader (450nm).
2. Micro-pipette and tips: 0.5-10, 2-20, 20-200, 200-1000ul.
3. 37°C incubator, double-distilled water or deionized water, coordinate paper, graduated cylinder.

PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

1. Store Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit reagents between 2°and 8°C. After use all reagents should be immediately returned to cold storage (2°and 8°C).
2. Please perform simple centrifugation to collect the liquid before use.
3. To avoid cross contamination, please use disposable pipette tips.
4. The Stop Solution suggested for use with this Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face, and clothing protection when using this material. Avoid contact of skin or mucous membranes with Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit reagents or specimens. In the case of contact with skin or eyes wash immediately with water.
5. Use clean, dedicated reagent trays for dispensing the washing liquid, conjugate and substrate reagent. Mix all reagents of the Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit and samples well before use.

6. After washing microtiter plate should be fully pat dried. Do not use absorbent paper directly into the enzyme reaction wells.

7. Do not mix or substitute reagents of the Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit with those from other lots or other sources. Do not use kit reagents beyond expiration date on label.

8. Each sample, standard, blank and optional control samples should be assayed in duplicate or triplicate.

9. Adequate mixing is very important for good result. Use a mini-vortexer at the lowest frequency or Shake by hand at 10min interval when there is no vortexer.

10. Avoid microtiter plates drying during the operation.

11. Dilute samples at the appropriate multiple, and make the sample values fall within the standard curve. If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, dilute the samples and repeat the assay.

12. Any variation in standard diluent, operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time and temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding.

13. This Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit method can effectively eliminate the interference of the soluble receptors, binding proteins and other factors in biological samples.

SAMPLE COLLECTION AND STORAGE

1. **Cell Culture Supernates** - Remove particulates by centrifugation.

2. **Serum** - Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to clot for 30 minutes before centrifugation for 15 minutes at approximately 1000 x g. Remove serum, avoid hemolysis and high blood lipid samples.

3. **Plasma** - Recommended EDTA as an anticoagulant in plasma. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 x g within 30 minutes of collection.

4. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

5. Dilute samples at the appropriate multiple (recommended to do pre-test to determine the dilution factor).

REAGENT PREPARATION

1. Bring all reagents of the Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit to room temperature before use.

2. **Wash Buffer** - Dilute 10mL of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to prepare 200mL of Wash Buffer. If crystals have formed in the concentrate Wash Buffer, warm to room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
3. **Standard** - Reconstitute the Standard with 0.5mL of Standard/sample Diluent. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 4000 pg/mL. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 15 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.

   Pipette 250μL of Standard/sample Diluent into the 2000 pg/mL tube and the remaining tubes. Use the stock solution to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly and change pipette tips between each transfer. The 4000 pg/mL standard serves as the high standard. The Standard/sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).

4. **If you do not run out of re-melting standard, store it at -20℃. Diluted standard shall not be reused.**

   Working solution of Biotin-Conjugate anti-human TGF-β1 polyclonal antibody:
   Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Biotin-Conjugate solution with the Biotin-Conjugate antibody Diluent in a clean plastic tube.

   **The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.**

5. Working solution of Streptavidin-HRP: Make a 1:100 dilution of the concentrated Streptavidin-HRP solution with the Streptavidin-HRP Diluent in a clean plastic tube.

6. Prepare your samples before starting the test procedure.

   **Activation of serum or plasma samples:**
   1) 5μl serum/plasma samples + 225μl Standard/sample Diluent
   2) Add 10μl 1N HCl to 230μl pre-diluted sample, mix and incubate for 1 hour at 2-8℃.
   3) Neutralize by addition of 10μl 1N NaOH. The total volume is 250μl, and serum/plasma samples are 50-fold dilution.
   4) Assay immediately or store samples at -20℃/-70℃ for 3 days. The results should be multiplied by the dilution factor.

   **Note: TGF-β1 levels of different specimens may have great differences. Please dilute samples according to actual conditions.**

   **Activation of cell culture supernate samples:**
   5) 100μl cell culture supernates samples + 80μl Standard/sample Diluent
   6) Add 10μl 1N HCl to 180μl pre-diluted sample, mix and incubate for 1 hour at 2-8℃.
   7) Neutralize by addition of 10μl 1N NaOH. The total volume is 200μl, and the samples are 2-fold dilution.
   8) Assay immediately or store samples at -20℃/-70℃ for 3 days. The results should be multiplied by the dilution factor.

   **Note: TGF-β1 levels of different specimens may have great differences. Please dilute samples according to actual conditions.**
The working solution should be used within one day after dilution.

Figure 2: Preparation of TGF-β1 standard dilutions

GENERAL ELISA PROTOCOL

1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed in the previous sections.
2. Determine the number of microwell strips required to test the desired number of samples plus appropriate number of wells needed for running blanks and standards. Remove extra microwell strips from holder and store in foil bag with the desiccant provided at 2-8°C sealed tightly.
3. Add 100μL of Standard, control, or sample, per well. Cover with the adhesive strip provided. Incubate for 1.5 hours at 37°C
4. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process three times for a total of four washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (350μL) using a squirt bottle, manifold dispenser or auto-washer. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
5. Add 100 μL of the working solution of Biotin-Conjugate to each well. Cover with a new adhesive strip and incubate 1 hour at 37°C
6. Repeat the aspiration/wash.
7. Add 100 μL of the working solution of Streptavidin-HRP to each well. Cover with a new adhesive strip and incubate for 30 minutes at 37°C. Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
8. Repeat the aspiration/wash.
9. Add 100 μL of Substrate Solution to each well. Incubate for 10-20 minutes at 37°C. Avoid placing the plate in direct light.
10. Add 100 μL of Stop Solution to each well. Gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
11. Determine the optical density of each well immediately, using a microplate reader set to 450 nm. (optionally 630nm as the reference wave length;510-650nm is acceptable)
**TECHNICAL HINTS**

1. When mixing or reconstituting protein solutions, always avoid foaming.

2. To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.

3. To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is necessary.

4. Substrate Solution should remain colorless until added to the plate. Stop Solution should be added to the plate in the same order as the Substrate Solution. Keep Substrate Solution protected from light. Substrate Solution should change from colorless to gradations of blue.

5. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed. According to the content of tested factors in the sample, appropriate diluted or concentrated samples, it is best to do pre-experiment.

**CALCULATION OF RESULTS**

6. Average the duplicate readings for each standard, control, and sample and subtract the average zero standard optical density.

7. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance for each standard on the y-axis against the concentration on the x-axis and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph.

8. The data may be linearized by plotting the log of the TGF-β1 concentrations versus the log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of the data. If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

9. This standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

**Table 2:** Typical data using the Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit (Measuring wavelength: 450nm, Reference wavelength: 630nm)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard (pg/ml)</th>
<th>OD.</th>
<th>OD.</th>
<th>Average</th>
<th>Corrected</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.087</td>
<td>0.083</td>
<td>0.085</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62.5</td>
<td>0.179</td>
<td>0.183</td>
<td>0.181</td>
<td>0.195</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125</td>
<td>0.275</td>
<td>0.267</td>
<td>0.271</td>
<td>0.255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250</td>
<td>0.381</td>
<td>0.389</td>
<td>0.385</td>
<td>0.371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500</td>
<td>0.636</td>
<td>0.342</td>
<td>0.639</td>
<td>0.594</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1.028</td>
<td>1.020</td>
<td>1.024</td>
<td>1.002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000</td>
<td>1.615</td>
<td>1.627</td>
<td>1.621</td>
<td>1.661</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4000</td>
<td>2.366</td>
<td>2.360</td>
<td>2.363</td>
<td>2.355</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Figure 4: Representative standard curve for Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit. TGF-β1 was diluted in serial two-fold steps in Sample Diluent.

SENSITIVITY, SPECIFICITY AND REPEATABILITY

1. **REPEATABILITY**: The coefficient of variation of both intra-assay and inter-assay were less than 10%.

2. **SENSITIVITY**: The minimum detectable dose was 15 pg/mL.

3. **SPECIFICITY**: This Human TGF Beta 1 (TGF-β1) ELISA Assay Kit recognizes both natural and recombinant human TGF-β1. The factors listed below were prepared at 100 ng/ml in Standard /sample Diluent and assayed for cross-reactivity and no significant cross-reactivity or interference was observed.

Table 3: Factors assayed for cross-reactivity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recombinant human</th>
<th>Recombinant mouse</th>
<th>Recombinant porcine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BMP-2</td>
<td>BMP-3b</td>
<td>TGF-β2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TGF-β2</td>
<td>BMPR-IA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TGF-β3</td>
<td>BMPR-IB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TGF-α</td>
<td>TGF-β RI</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

REFERENCES

Warranty Information

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For further information about this kit, its application or the procedures in this kit, please contact the Technical Service Team at Eagle Biosciences, Inc. at info@eaglebio.com or at 866-411-8023.